2019 Annual Results

February 2020

Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

To the extent any statements made in this report contain information that is not historical, these statements are essentially forward-looking. These forward-looking statements include but are not limited to projections, targets, estimates and business plans that the Company expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may be general or specific. Certain statements, such as those including the words or phrases "potential," "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "objective," "intends," "plans," "believes," "will," "may," "should," and similar expressions or variations on such expressions may be considered forward-looking statements.

Readers should be cautioned that a variety of factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control, affect the performance, operations and results of the Company, and could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in any of the Company's forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, exchange rate fluctuations, market shares, industry competition, environmental risks, changes in legal, financial and regulatory frameworks, international economic and financial market conditions and other risks and factors beyond our control. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. In addition, the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement that is contained in this report as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. None of the Company, or any of its employees or affiliates is responsible for, or is making, any representations concerning the future performance of the Company.

中国平安 PING AN

金融·科技

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Lu Min
Chief Insurance Business Officer

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Jessica Tan Co-CEO 金融・科技

Overview

Financial Review

Retail Integrated Finance and Insurance Business

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Technology Business



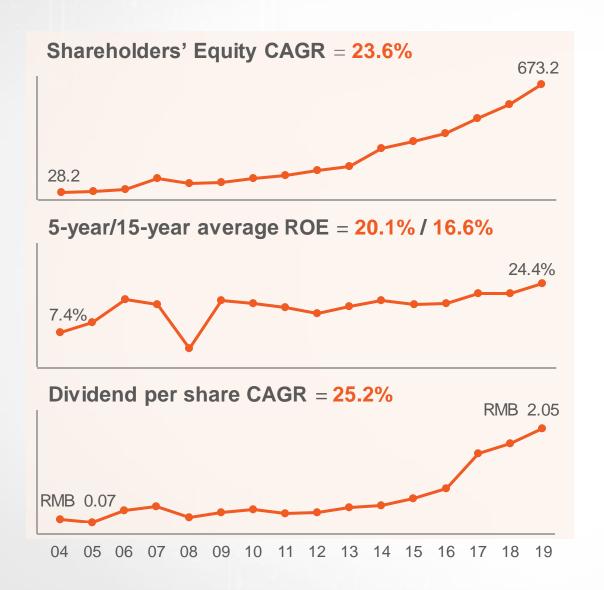
Jason Yao CFO

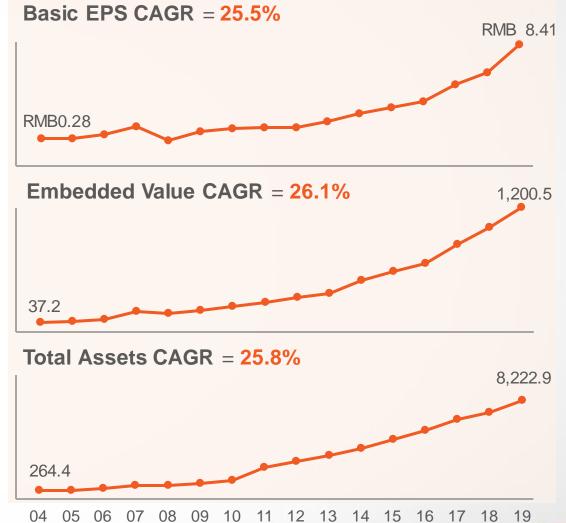
Ping An's strategy: a world-leading technology-powered retail financial services group

One **World-leading** positioning **Technology-powered Retail Financial Services Group** Two **Pan Health Care Pan Financial Assets** focuses Two growth Finance + Technology Finance + Ecosystem models Real Estate **Smart Financial** Health Auto Asset **Banking** City Insurance Services N pillars Services Care Services Management Ecosystem Ecosystem Ecosystem Ecosystem Ecosystem

Strong and consistent track record since 2004 IPO

(in RMB billion)





金融·科技

Overview

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Retail Integrated Finance and Insurance Business

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Technology Business



Jason Yao CFO

2019 Business Highlights

(RMB)

Operating profit⁽¹⁾

132,955 million

+18.1%

Net profit⁽¹⁾

149,407 million

+39.1%

Dividend per share

2.05/share

+19.2%

Embedded value per share

65.67

+19.8%

NBV margin

47.3%

+3.6 pps

Operating ROE

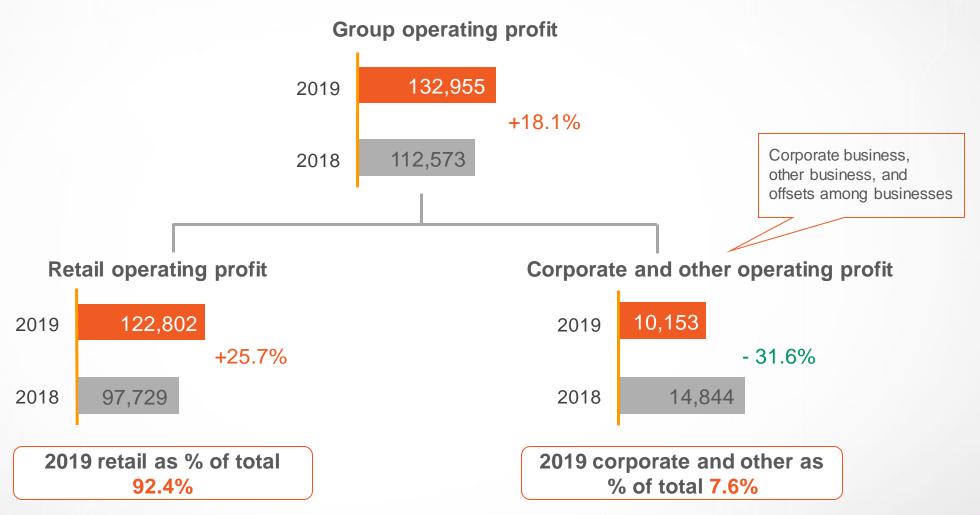
21.7%

-0.2 pps

Note: (1) Operating profit and net profit refer to the operating profit and net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company respectively.

Retail accounted for 92% of operating profit

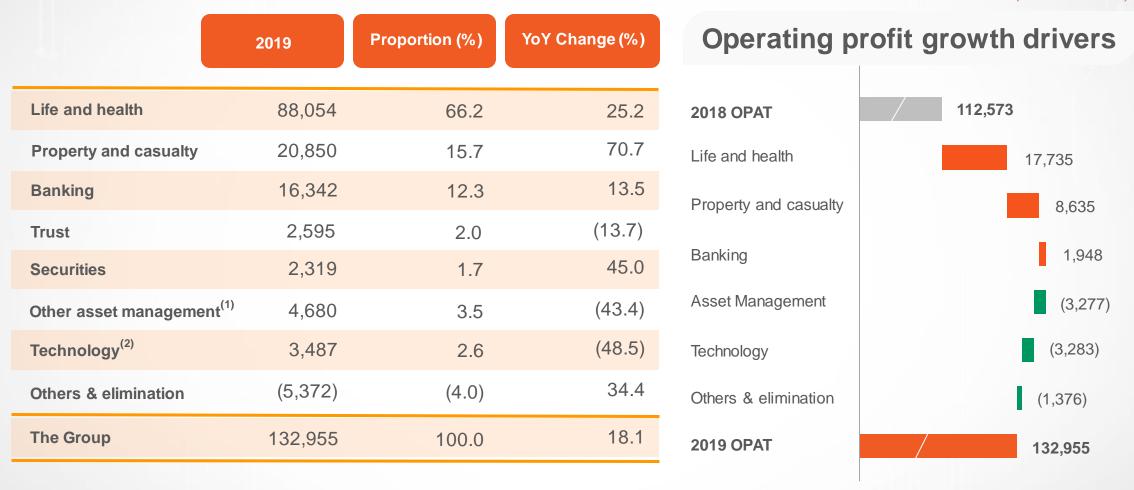
(in RMB million)



Note: Operating profit refers to the operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company.

Group operating profit rose 18.1% YoY

(in RMB million)



Notes: (1) The other asset management business represents results of companies that engage in asset management business including Ping An Asset Management, Ping An Financial Leasing, and Ping An Overseas Holdings.

⁽²⁾ The technology business represents results of companies that engage in technology business including Lufax Holding, OneConnect, Ping An Good Doctor, Ping An HealthKonnect, and Autohome.

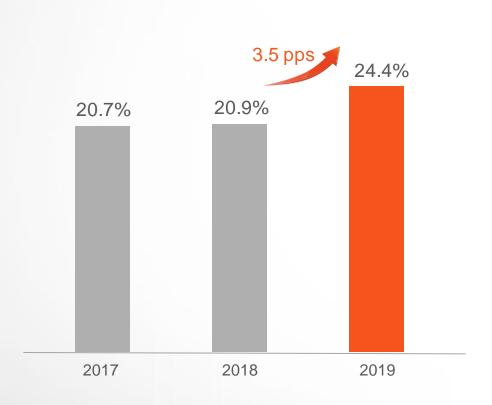
⁽³⁾ Operating profit refers to the operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company.

⁽⁴⁾ Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

ROE rose steadily in 2019

ROE

Operating ROE



	2019	YoY Change (pps)
Life and health insurance	40.5%	(0.2)
Property and casualty insurance	24.6%	7.9
Banking	11.3%	(0.2)
Trust	14.2%	(1.9)
Securities	7.8%	1.9
Other asset management	10.5%	(9.0)
Technology	5.1%	(5.7)
Others & elimination	N/A	N/A
The Group	21.7%	(0.2)

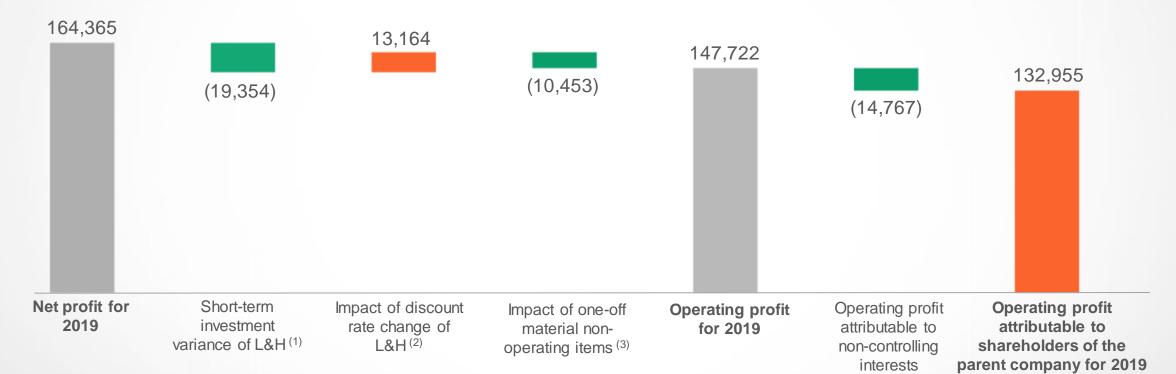
Note: ROE is calculated based on the net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company. Operating ROE is calculated based on the operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company.

Operating profit excludes non-operating items to reflect underlying performance

Operating Profit =

Net Profit - Short-term Investment Variance - Impact of Discount Rate Change - One-off Material Non-operating Items

(in RMB million)

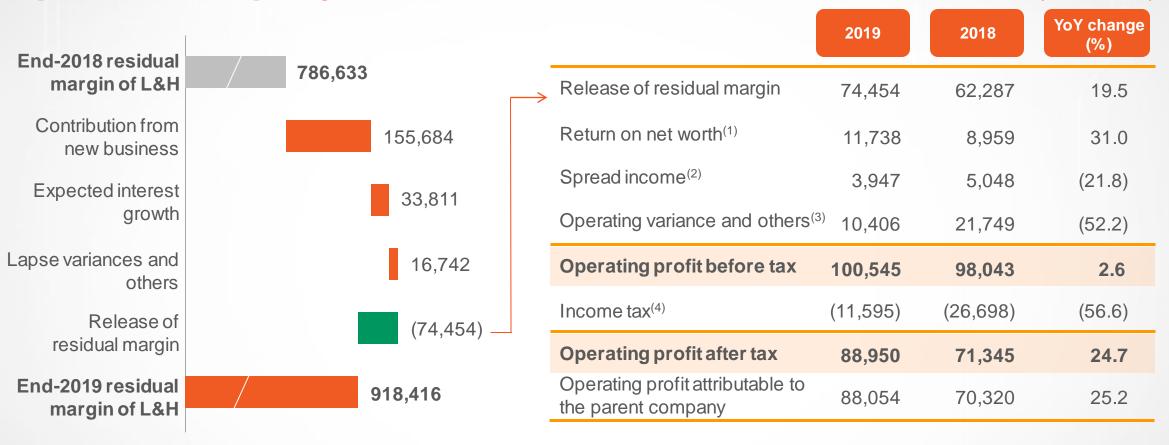


Notes: (1) Short-term investment variance is the variance between the actual investment return and the EV ultimate investment return assumption (5%), net of the associated impact on insurance and investment contract liability.

⁽²⁾ The impact of discount rate change on net profit after tax was a decrease of RMB13,164 million, which was a result of a lower tax and liquidity premium in the fourth quarter factoring in the currently low and possibly lowering interest environment, as well as the changing liability structure.

⁽³⁾ The impact of one-off material non-operating item in 2019 was the impact of the decrease in income tax for 2018 factored into the income tax for 2019 due to insurance subsidiaries'implementation of the *Circular on Pre-tax Deduction of Fee and Commission Expense for Insurers* issued by the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration on May 29, 2019.

L&H operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company rose 25.2% YoY



Notes: (1) Return on net worth is the investment return on shareholder equity based on the EV ultimate investment return assumption (5%).

⁽²⁾ Spread income is the expected investment return from assets backing contract liability based on the EV ultimate investment return assumption (5%) exceeding the interest required on contract liability. The spread income decreased by 21.8% year on year in 2019 as the Company low ered spread charges on its participating and universal insurance products to maintain their long-term interest settlement competitiveness in response to volatile capital markets in 2018. The impact continued into 2019.

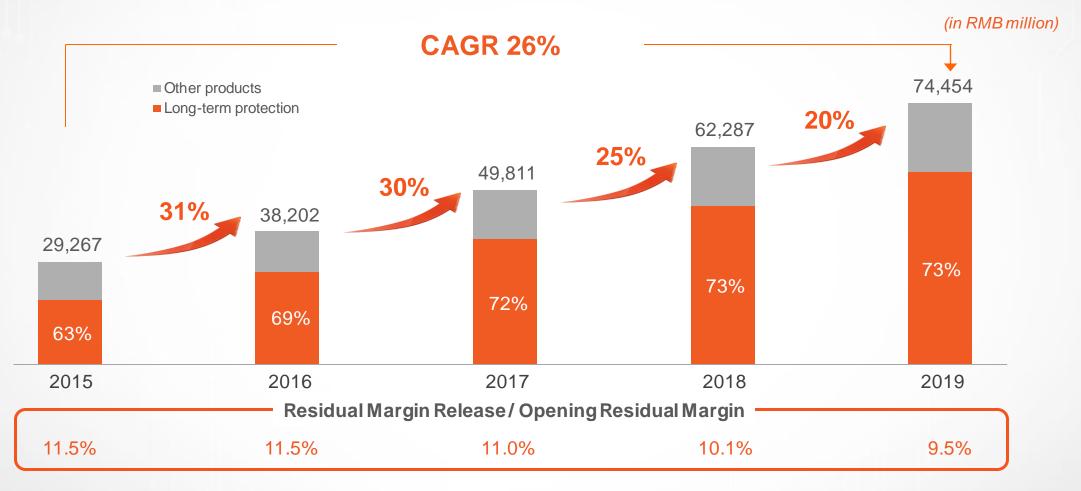
⁽³⁾ Operating variance and others dropped 52.2% year on year, largely because of increased strategic investment in technologies and agent team building as well as short-termfluctuation of policy persistency causing a decrease in operating variance.

⁽⁴⁾ Income tax decreased by 56.6% year on year due to a low er effective tax rate attributable to the Circularon Pre-tax Deduction of Fee and Commission Expense for Insurersissued by the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on May 29, 2019. The impact will continue in 2019 and future years.

⁽⁵⁾ Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

L&H residual margin release rose 20% YoY

RM release: • Major source of profit • Locked in at issuance • Immune to capital market fluctuation

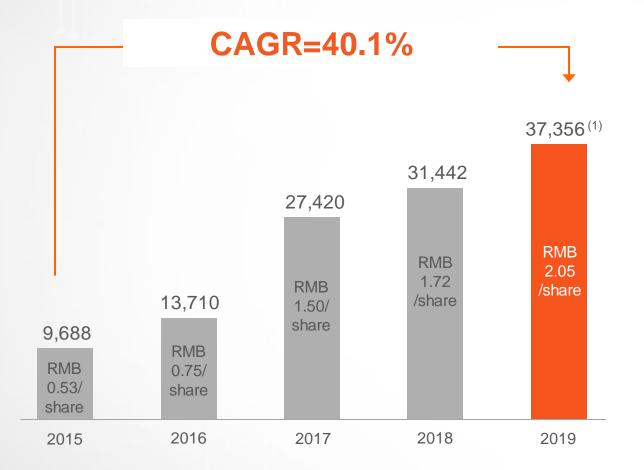


Notes: (1) The above figures are data of Ping An Life for 2015 and data of the L&H business for 2016-2019.

⁽²⁾ Long-term protection products cover whole-life, termlife, illness and long term accident insurance. The critical illness plus savings combination sold over the past two years contains high protection elements, though its main products are classified as Long-PPP Protection & Saving hybrid due to conservative classification.

5-Year Dividend CAGR reached 40.1%

(in RMB million)



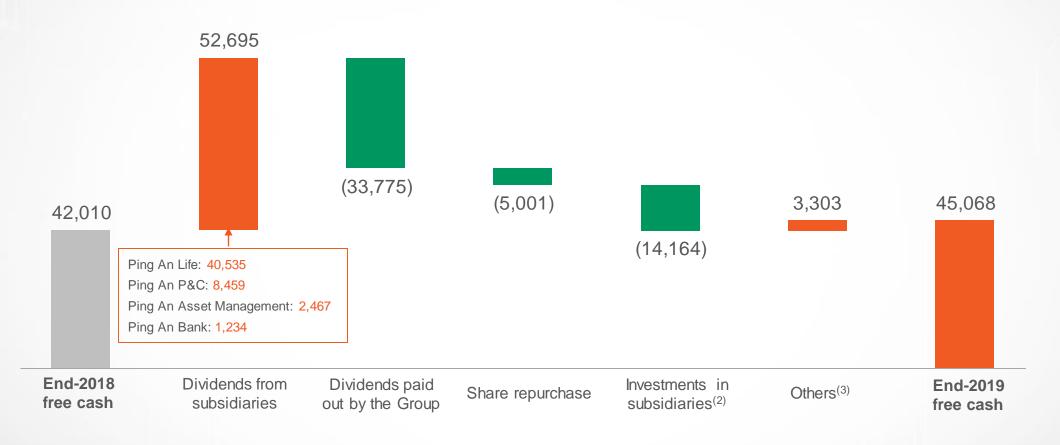
- The Company is increasing dividends steadily in light of the growing profitability and strong solvency position.
- Dividend per share for 2019 reached RMB2.05 per share, up 19.2% YoY. Interim dividend reached RMB0.75 per share, and final dividend RMB1.30 per share⁽²⁾. The dividend payout ratio based on operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company (excluding share repurchases in cash) stood at 28.1% (vs. 27.9% for 2018).
- The 2018 annual general meeting deliberated and approved the plan for repurchasing A shares worth RMB5-10 billion. As of December 31, 2019, the Company had repurchased about 57.59 million shares worth RMB5,001 million in total.

Notes: (1) The calculation of total dividends for 2019 is based on 18,223 million shares after deduction of the repurchased shares, without factoring in the RMB5,001 million worth of share repurchases. The actual total amount of dividend payment is subject to the actual number of shares entitled to the dividend distribution.

⁽²⁾ The proposed final dividend distribution is subject to approval at the Company's annual general meeting of shareholders for 2019.

Free cash of the parent company



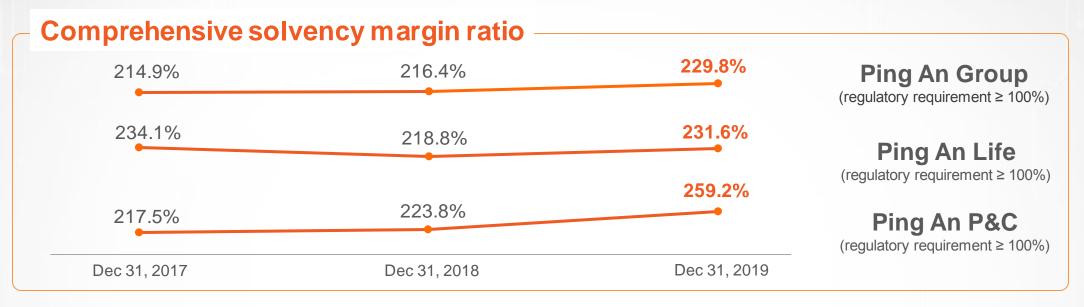


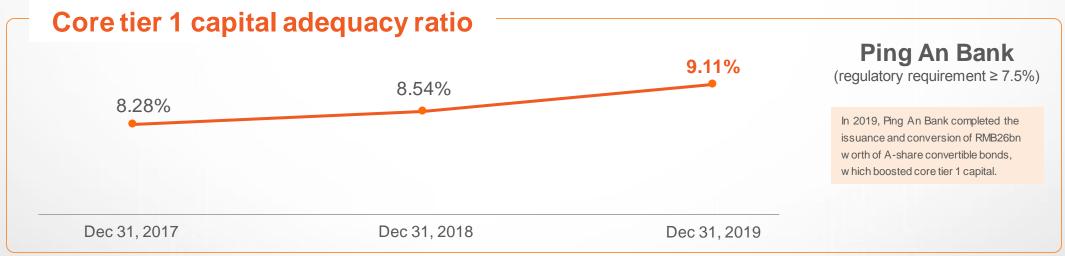
Notes: (1) The free cash of the parent company includes bonds, equity securities, bank deposits and cash equivalents that the parent company holds. They are mainly invested in subsidiaries or used in daily operations or for dividend distribution.

⁽²⁾ The Company's investments in subsidiaries in 2019 mainly include the capital injections into Ping An Financial Leasing and Ping An Health, and the subscription for convertible bonds issued by Ping An Bank.

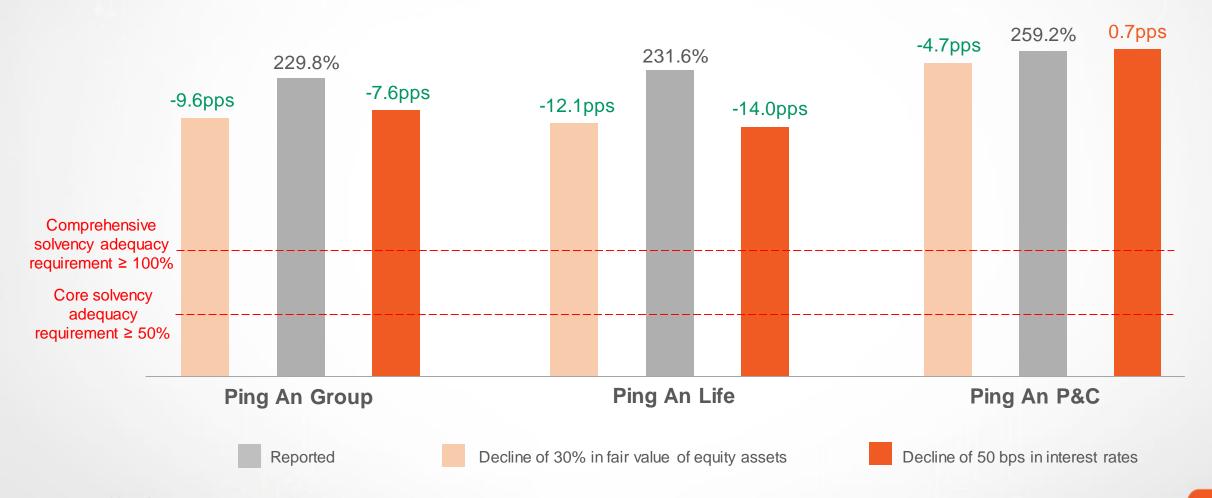
⁽³⁾ Others mainly include short-termborrowings.

Strong capital adequacy position





Strong solvency resilient to capital market volatility



Notes: (1) The Company conducts stress tests on a quarterly basis to assess the adequacy of its solvency.

(2) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

Technology

Business

Investment portfolio of insurance funds – by category

Proportion	Dec 31, 2019	Dec 31, 2018	Change (pps)	
Cash and cash equivalents	3.0%	4.1%	(1.1)	
Termdeposits	6.6%	7.2%	(0.6)	
Debt financial assets				
Bond investments	46.9%	45.4%	1.5	
Bond funds	1.3%	1.6%	(0.3)	
Preferred stocks	3.6%	2.9%	0.7	
Perpetual bonds	0.6%	-	0.6	
Policy loans	4.3%	4.0%	0.3	Non-standard debt
Debt schemes	4.1%	5.6%	(1.5)	assets % fell 2.4pps:
Wealth management products ⁽¹⁾	9.3%	10.2%	(0.9)	Dec 31, 2019: 13.4%
Equity financial assets				Dec 31, 2018: 15.8%
Stocks	9.2%	8.3%	0.9	
Equity funds	1.5%	1.6%	(0.1)	Non-standard equity
Wealth management products ⁽¹⁾	1.2%	1.2%	-	asset % was stable:
Unlisted equities	2.1%	1.8%	0.3	Dec 31, 2019: 1.2% Dec 31, 2018: 1.2%
Long-term equity stakes	3.8%	3.3%	0.5	Dec 31, 2016. 1.2%
Investment properties	1.9%	1.9%	100 m	
Other investments ⁽²⁾	0.6%	0.9%	(0.3)	
Total investments (in RMB million) 3,208,836	2,794,620		

Notes: (1) Wealth management products include trust plans from trust companies, products from insurance asset management companies, and wealth management products from commercial banks.

⁽²⁾ Other investments mainly include statutory deposits for insurance operations, three-month or longer-termfinancial assets purchased under reverse repurchase agreements, and financial derivatives.

Under IFRS9, 18.3% of insurance assets are marked to market through P&L

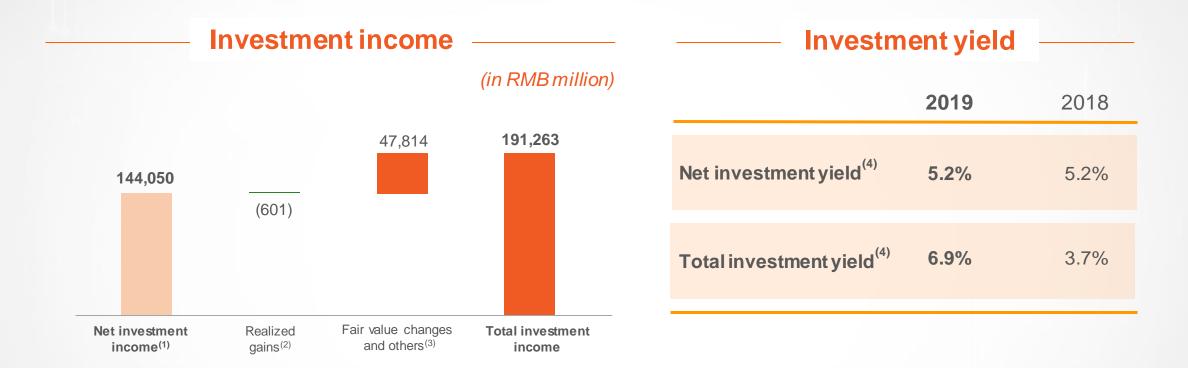
Proportion	Dec 31, 2019	Dec 31, 2018	Change (pps)
Carried at fair value through profit or loss	18.3%	18.5%	(0.2)
Fixed income	10.5%	11.2%	(0.7)
Stocks	3.0%	2.8%	0.2
Equity funds	1.5%	1.6%	(0.1)
Other equity financial assets	3.3%	2.9%	0.4
Carried at fair value through other comprehensive	e income ⁽¹⁾ 15.9%	14.7%	1.2
Measured at amortized cost ⁽²⁾	60.2%	61.6%	(1.4)
Others ⁽³⁾	5.6%	5.2%	0.4
Total investments (in RMB million)	3,208,836	2,794,620	

Notes: (1) Assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income include "debt instruments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income" and "equity instruments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income" under the new accounting standards for financial instruments.

⁽²⁾ Assets measured at amortized cost include "financial assets measured at amortized cost," "termdeposits" and "statutory deposits for insurance operations" under the new accounting standards for financial instruments.

⁽³⁾ Others include long-term equity stakes, investment properties and financial derivatives.

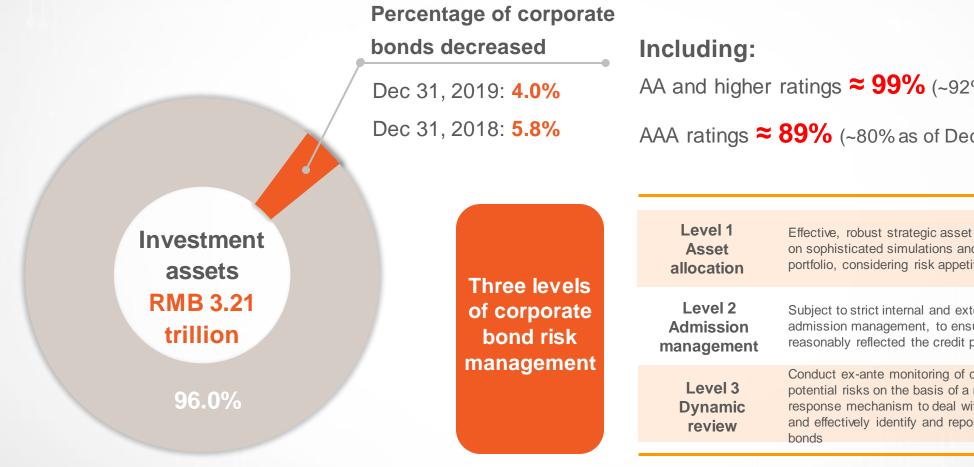
Net investment yield was 5.2%, and total investment yield was 6.9%



Notes: (1) Net investment income includes interest revenue from deposits and debt financial assets, dividend income from equity financial assets, operating lease income from investment properties, and the share of profits and losses of associates and jointly controlled entities.

- (2) Realized gains include realized capital gains from securities investments.
- (3) Fair value changes and others include fair value gains and losses in financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on investment assets.
- (4) The above investment income and yield data are under IFRS 9. Net exchange gains or losses on investment assets denominated in foreign currencies are excluded from computation of investment yields.

Corporate bonds account for 4.0% of investments, down 1.8pps



AA and higher ratings $\approx 99\%$ (~92% as of Dec 31, 2018)

AAA ratings $\approx 89\%$ (~80% as of Dec 31, 2018)

Effective, robust strategic asset allocation plan based on sophisticated simulations and models for each portfolio, considering risk appetite, return and liquidity

Subject to strict internal and external credit rating and admission management, to ensure that credit ratings reasonably reflected the credit profiles of bond issuers

> Conduct ex-ante monitoring of corporate bonds with potential risks on the basis of a name list, build a quick response mechanism to deal with negative opinions, and effectively identify and report high-risk corporate

Non-standard debt assets: generate 5.75% nominal yield

	vestment portion (%)	Nominal yield (%)	Remaining maturity (year)
Infrastructure	33.5	5.75	5.19
Expressway	12.5	5.85	5.74
Electric power	2.9	5.34	3.91
Infrastructure and development zones	8.7	5.85	5.90
Others (water supply, environmental protection, railwa	ay) 9.4	5.65	4.21
Non-banking financial services	36.3	5.74	2.71
Real estate	18.3	5.90	2.05
Coal mining	1.5	5.90	3.07
Others	10.4	5.48	5.11
Total	100.0	5.75	3.68

Note: Non-banking financial services refer to financial institutions other than banks, including insurers, asset managers, and financial leasing companies.

Sustainability: Pioneering in China's ESG and continue the positive influence

Through the positioning of the five roles of Ping An, we continuously exert the influence on E\S\G

A Responsible Investor

Objective: investing to create economic, environmental and social value

- Responsible investment: nearly RMB1 trillion
- · Loan balance of green credit: RMB24.3 billion
- Loan balance of inclusive credit : RMB898.9 billion

A Trustworthy Insurance Company

Objective: exploring sustainable insurance, while enhancing customer experience

- Sustainable insurance products: 1,053
- Insured amount: RMB121 trillion

An Attractive Employer

Objective: making employees an important and long term driver of the business

- Employee remunerations: RMB59.144 million
- Employees covered by Long-term service plan: 30 thousand+
- Score of employee satisfaction: 4.33



China's first asset owner to join Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI)



First DJSI selected insurance company in Chinese mainland

A Caring Corporate Citizen

Objective: environment friendly and promoting harmonious community

- Poverty alleviation provide: RMB15,745 million Carbon emissions: 797,251 tCO2e

• Village doctors: 11,175

Carbon emissions reduction potential:

• Village teachers: 11,826

64,497 tCO₂e



Included in the HSCEI **ESG** Index



Nationally leading position for MSCI ESG rating

An Upright and Transparent **Listed Company**

Objective: achieving long-term stable operation with excellent corporate governance

- Integrity promotion activities: 2,046
- Suppliers received ESG training: 100

Honors and Awards



Fortune

Fortune 500

No.29

Global financial groups

No. 4



Forbes

Global 2000

No. **7**

Global insurance conglomerates

No. **1**

Global financial groups

No. 6



Millward Brown & WPP, the world's largest

communications group

100 most valuable global brands

No.40

Most valuable financial brands

No.3



Brand Finance, the world's largest brand

Most valuable global insurance brands

consulting company

No. 1

Global financial groups

No. 4

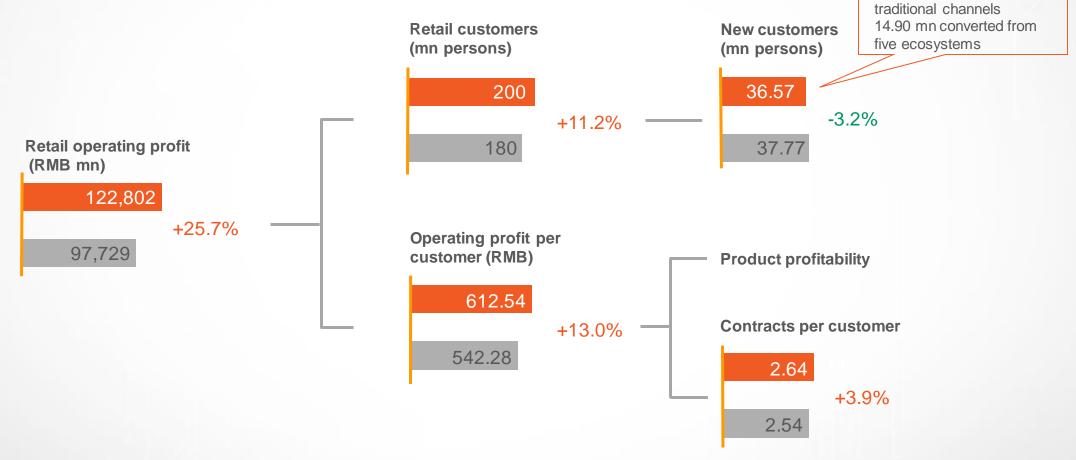


Retail Integrated Finance and Insurance Business

Lu Min Chief Insurance Business Officer

Retail OPAT growth drivers

- 2019/Dec 31, 2019
- 2018/Dec 31, 2018



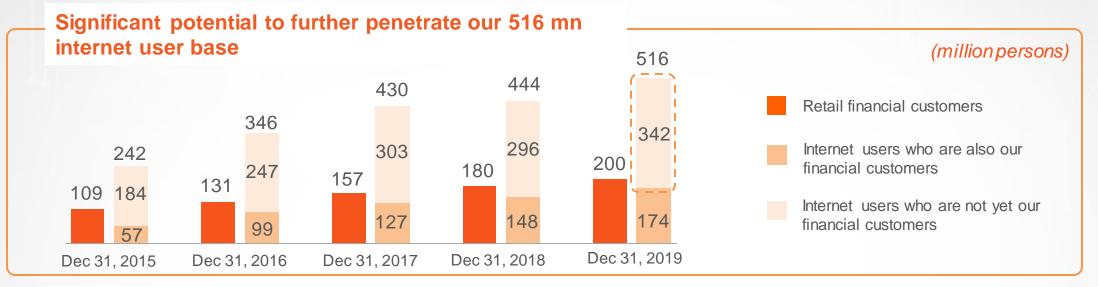
Notes: (1) Operating profit refers to the operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company.

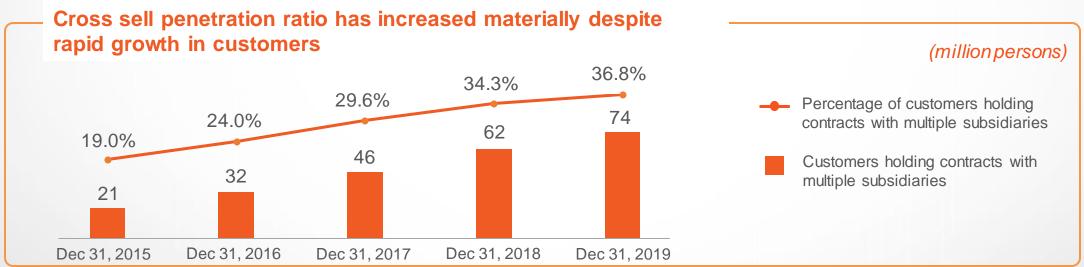
- (2) At the end of 2019, we revised the definition of retail customers, removing customers with complimentary insurance from retail customers and restating the data for comparable periods in 2018.
- (3) The number of customers as of Dec 31, 2019 is not equal to the number of customers as of December 31, 2018 plus new customers acquired during the Reporting Period due to customer attrition

(4) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

21.67 mn sourced from

Increased customers and cross-selling





Notes: (1) At the end of 2019, we revised the definition of retail customers and internet users, removing customers with complimentary insurance from retail customers and independent users of suspended internet platforms from internet users, and restating the data for comparable periods in 2017 and 2018 accordingly.

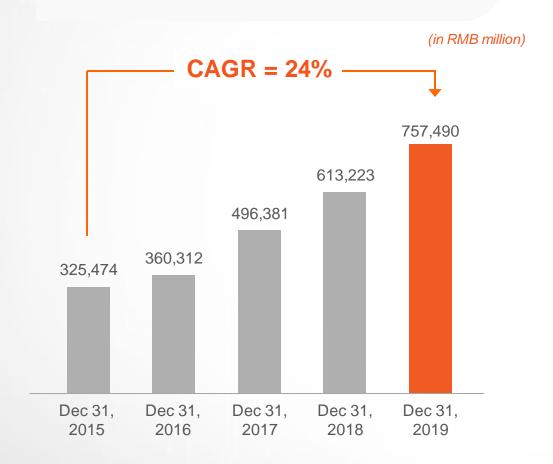
(2) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

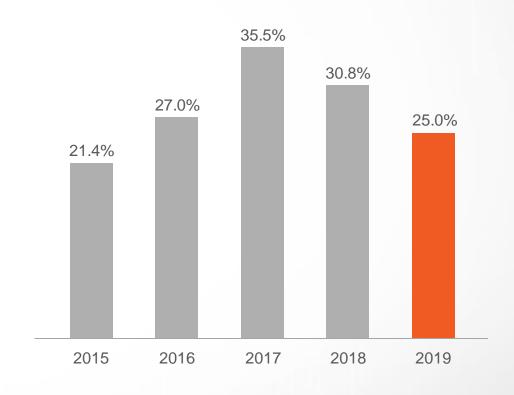
Business

5-Year CAGR of Life & Health EV reached 24%

Life & Health EV

Life & Health Operating ROEV

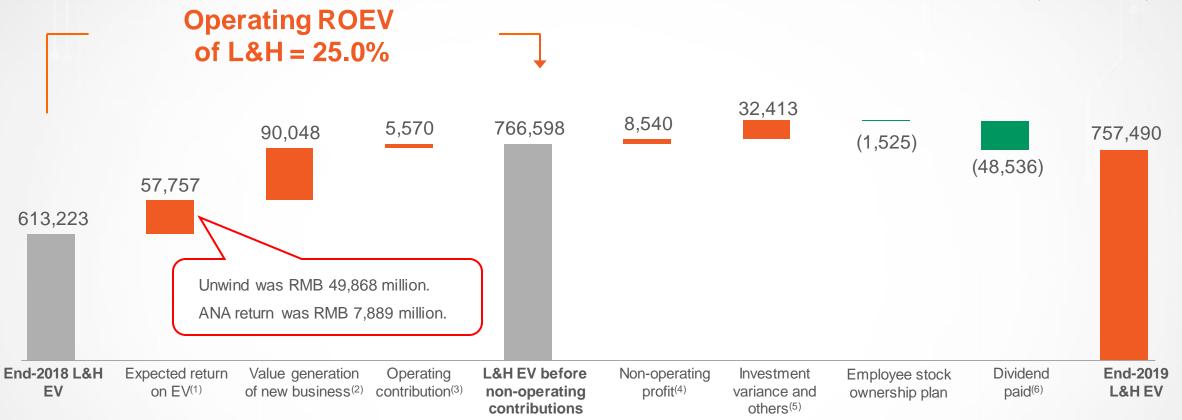




Note: Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

L&H Operating ROEV was 25%





Notes: (1) Expected return on EV consists of the expected return from opening adjusted net assets, the opening value of in-force and the NBV during the Reporting Period.

- (2) Value generation of new business includes NBV (RMB75,945million) and risk diversification effects (RMB14,103 million).
- (3) Operating contribution includes operating assumptions and model changes (RMB1,898 million), L&H operating variance and others (RMB3,672 million).
- (4) Non-operating profit refers to the one-off impact of the decrease in income tax for 2018 factored into a decrease in the income tax expense in 2019 due to implementation of the Circular on Pre-tax Deduction of Fee and Commission Expense for Insurers issued by the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation, the effect of which attributable to the parent company from L&H was RMB8,540 million.
- (5) Investment variance and others include the investment variance and market value adjustments.
- (6) Dividends paid by Ping An Life to the Group amounted to RMB48,536 million.
- (7) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

NBV rose 5.1% year on year

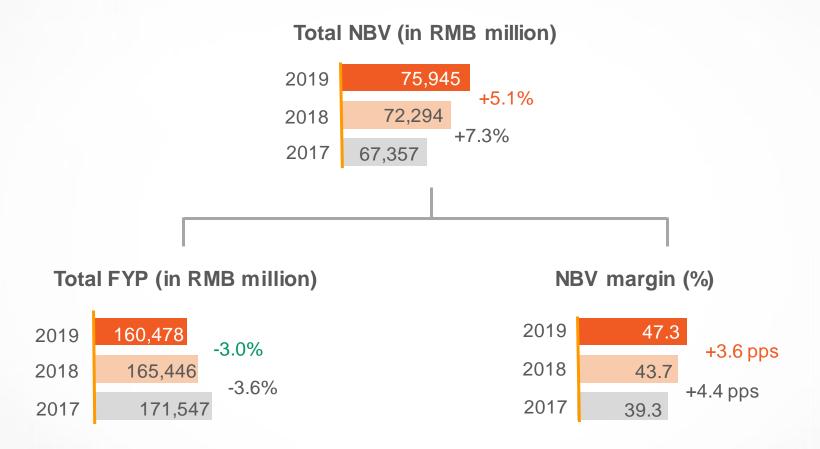
(in RMB	million)	NBV	Change (%)	NBV Margin (%)	Change (pps)	
Retail	business	75,486	5.0	59.7	5.9	
Age	ent channel	68,209	5.9	64.9	7.8	
	Long-term protection (1)	49,998	2.1	104.9	10.2	High-
	Protection & Saving hybrid (long-PPP) (2)	6,661	28.3	56.2	0.8	protection business
	Protection & Saving hybrid (short-PPP)	8,640	14.0	22.1	5.1	
	Short-term insurance	2,909	9.5	45.4	7.0	
Tele	emarketing, internet and others	6,087	(7.9)	39.3	(1.7)	
Bar	ncassurance	1,191	37.7	20.4	1.7	
Group	business	459	9.3	1.3	-	
Total	NBV	75,945	5.1	47.3	3.6	

Notes: (1) Long-term protection covers whole-life, term life, critical illness and long term accident insurance.

⁽²⁾ PPP stands for premium paying period. Long-PPP Protection & Saving hybrid covers endowment and annuity with PPP no less than 10 years. The critical illness plus savings combination sold over the past two years contains high protection elements, though its main products are classified as Long-PPP Protection & Saving hybrid due to conservative classification.

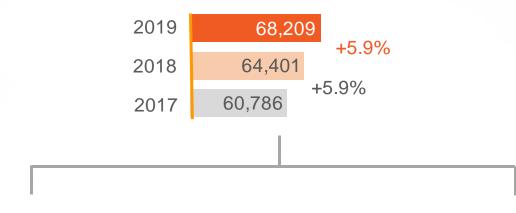
⁽³⁾ Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

Sustainable NBV margin expansion driving NBV growth

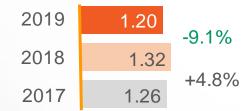


Agent channel NBV growth driven by productivity improvements

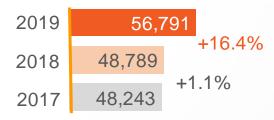
NBV of agent channel (in RMB million)



Average agent force(in million persons)



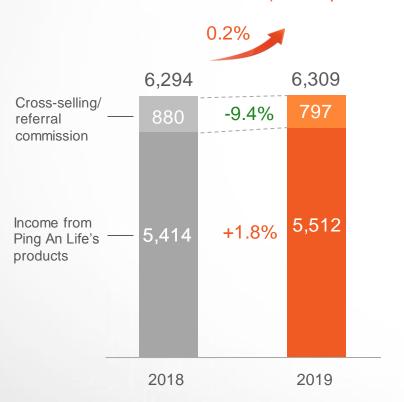
NBV per agent (in RMB)



Proactive pivot of business toward high-value protection products



(RMB/person/month)



New individual life insurance policies per agent

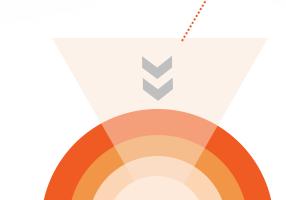
(policies/person/month)



Technology-powered life insurance business

Data-driven marketing: support agent management

- Sales agent recruitment: 100% of interviews were Al-based. Ping An Life conducted over 6 million Al-based interviews, reducing manual interviews by over 680 thousand hours.
- Talent training: Ping An Life provided 24/7 online training for agents. The time for developing a high-potential agent into a top performer was reduced by 3.6 months compared with in 2018.
- Sales support: AskBob served agents 340 million times, with an average of 920 thousand visits/day.



Technology+

Data-driven customer services: improve customer experiences

In respect of policy administration

- Ping An Life provided online smart customer services 50 million times; 99% of such service tasks were completed online within as short as 1 minute.
- The "Jin Guan Jia" app launched the Al-powered video customer survey function, allowing customers to receive online customer surveys at any time.

In respect of underwriting

The smart underwriting platform's accuracy rate of risk identification reached 90.8%. In 2019, the platform has served over 18 million users, and approved 96% of policies through automatic underwriting. The underwriting turnaround time per case was shortened from 3.8 days of manual underwriting to 10 minutes.



- The platform enables 3 core functionalities—quick data check, problem identification, and exception detection.
- The system covers business indicators for performance, teams, productivity, products, customers, and services.

Technical support

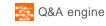
















Deeplink





Shape Shape recognition



Speech synthesis



Smart guidance



Knowledge inference engine



Intent recognition engine



Decision-making Smarttask engine assignmen

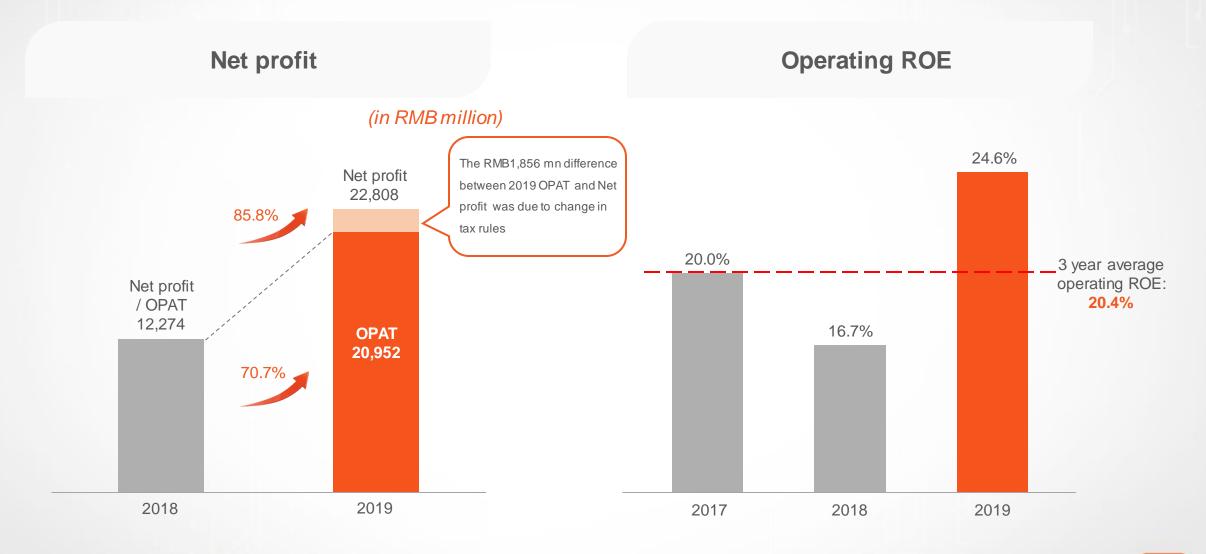




Big data



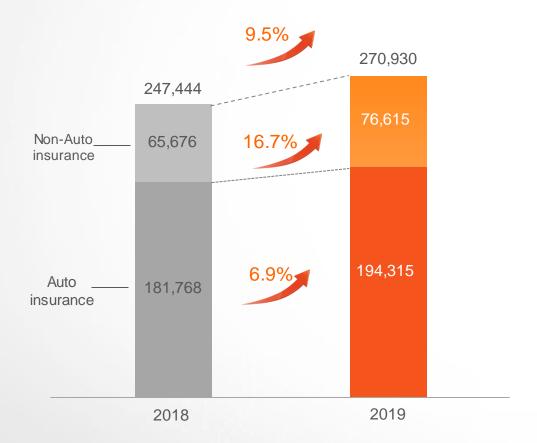
P&C has delivered 3 year average operating ROE of 20.4%



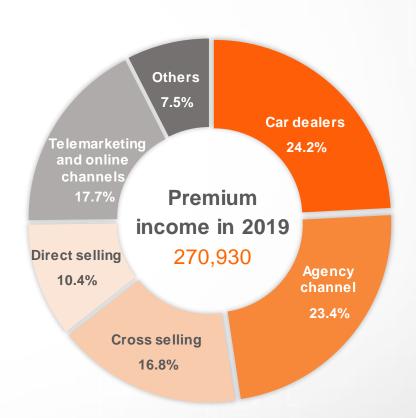
P&C insurance premium income rose 9.5% YoY

(in RMB million)

Premium income



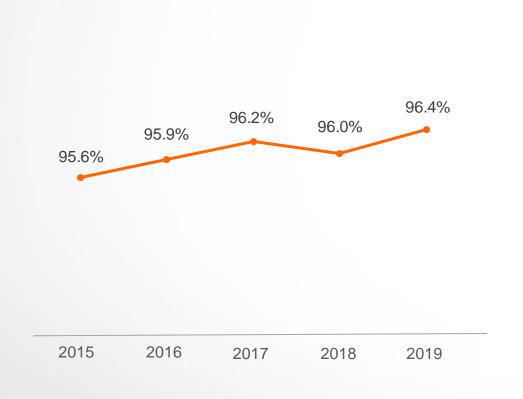
Contribution by channel



P&C maintained a better-than-industry combined ratio

Combined ratio

Breakdown of premium income and combined ratio



	Premium i	ncome	Com	bined ratio
(in RMB million)	Amount	oY change (%)	Ratio (%)	YoY change (pps)
Auto insurance	194,315	6.9	97.2	2 (0.2)
Guarantee insurance	34,708	5.1	93.6	5.0
Liability insurance	11,981	41.6	97.6	7.7
Accidental injury insurance	11,750	39.5	84.3	2.0
Corporate property insurance	6,356	11.5	83.6	(10.8)

Technology-powered P&C insurance business



Auto Insurance

Customer development

The "Ping An Auto Owner" app:

- Over 90 million registered users, about 49 million of whom were also auto insurance customers of Ping An Property & Casualty. In December 2019, the app had over 25 million monthly active users.
- No.1 among auto service apps in China.

Claims service

- We developed cutting-edge Al-powered image-based loss assessment and precise customer profiling technologies. We provide nearly 90% of claimants with end-to-end online claim settlement and inquiry services, and nearly 25% of claims can be handled through smart loss assessment; this is at an industryleading level.
- We launched the "Ping An Motor Insurance Trust Claim" service. Through this service, we shortened the average turnaround time of a single claim to 3 minutes with no back-end manual operation involved.



P&C insurance

Risk management and service

- We initiated a Know Your Risk (KYR) enterprise risk management consultant project: we provided 14,280 corporate customers and key engineering projects with disaster/loss prevention services. We conducted 87 Ping An Protector emergency management training sessions, covering over 25,000 trainees. We carried out 10 disaster warning and loss prevention programs regarding severe natural disasters, sending 1.10 million SMS alerts in 2019.
- Developing a government-insurer risk management cloud platform: we help local governments improve their control over production safety, environmental protection, and construction quality management in their jurisdictions.



Technical support

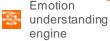














Q&A engine



Al-based recommendation



🔯 Deeplink



Shape recognition



synthesis

smart quidance

Knowledge inference engine



Intent recognition engine



Decision-making engine



Smarttask assignment



Big data



金融·科技

Xie Yonglin President and Co-CEO

Corporate business grow sharply on the integrated financial business model

"1+N" corporate business model

Customer development



- Tailor-made services and targeted customer development
- Direct measures for Top 100 strategic customers
 - A "commercial banking + investment banking + investment" model focused on industries that contribute significantly to people's livelihoods and long-term economic development



- Integrated the Group's small and micro-business services on the basis of bank accounts to provide small and medium-sized enterprises and their employees with comprehensive one-stop services
- **Reshaped supply chain finance** with blockchain and the Internet of Things (IoT)
- Adopted online processes for product portfolios and streamlined service processes to improve customer experiences and business efficiency

Optimization and collaboration



Teams

Directly involve product managers of insurance subsidiaries, and effectively remove sales intermediaries to improve the efficiency of product inception



Mechanisms

- Clearly defined four business categories: simple business, sophisticated investment and financing business, transaction business, and embedded business
- Established a model management team for indepth joint management and joint decisionmaking

Technological empowerment



Systems

Empower teams and business by building systems based on business models and developing functions including smart sales and online processes



Data

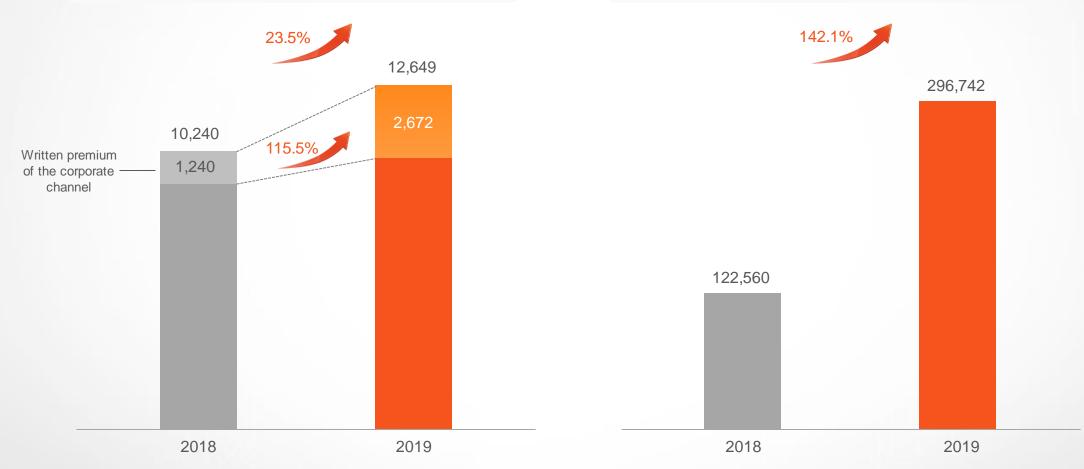
Refined information on corporate customers of the Group, broke down the product catalog for corporate business, established the product expert database, developed tags for customers and business, and digitalized the process for matching services with customer information

Rising corporate business volume driven by corporate customer development strategy

(in RMB million)

Corporate premiums achieved through cross-selling rose rapidly

New financing scale achieved through corporate business cross-selling



Notes: (1) Corporate premiums achieved through cross-selling refer to written premiums of insurance policies sold by the Group to corporate customers through cross-selling.

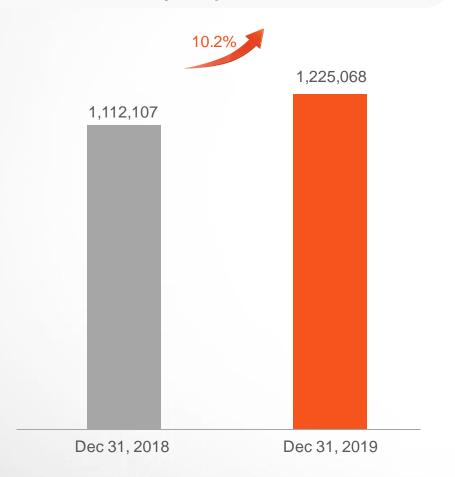
- (2) Written premium of the corporate channel refers to the written premium of the integrated financial business less that of the life insurance channel.
- (3) New financing scale achieved through corporate business cross-selling refers to the scale of new financing projects achieved by the Group's member companies through cross-selling.

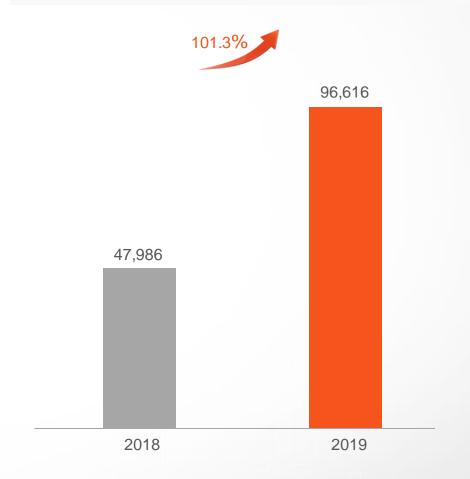
Increasing contributions from corporate business as platform of high-quality customers and assets

(in RMB million)

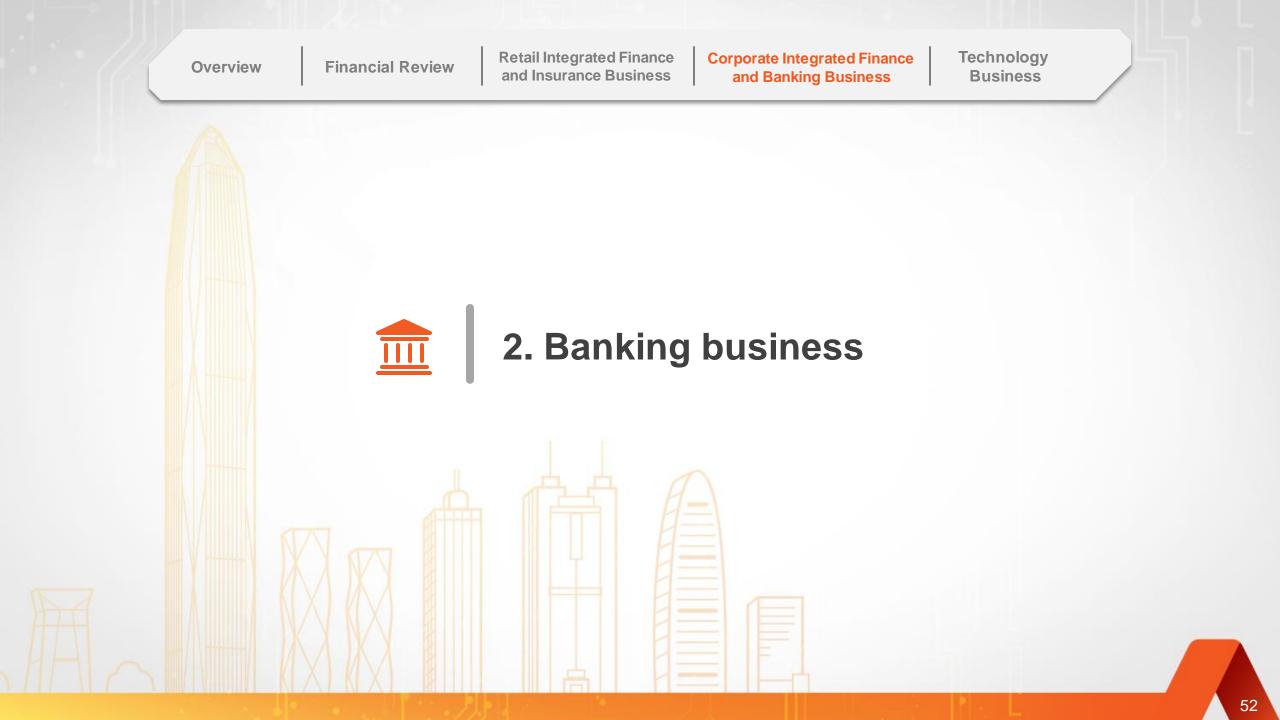
Outstanding balance of retail assets referred by corporate business

Underlying assets invested by insurance funds sourced from corporate business





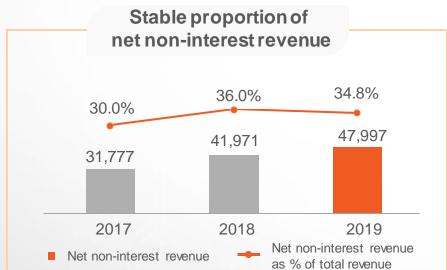
Note: The underlying assets invested by insurance funds sourced from corporate business refer to the assets sourced by the Group's core financial companies, including Ping An Asset Management, Ping An Securities, and Ping An Trust, for allocation of the Group's insurance funds.



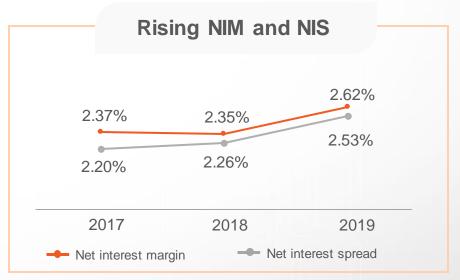
Growing profitability and 13.6% YoY increase in net profit

(in RMB million)









Improved business mix and continued strategic transformation toward retail banking

(in RMB million)

Revenue from retail banking

% total revenue: 58.0%

Up 5.0pps YoY

Net profit from retail banking

% net profit: 69.1%

Up 0.1pps YoY

Retail loans

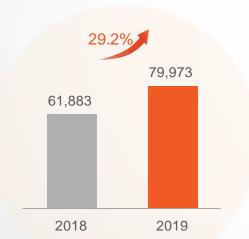
% loans: 58.4%

Up 0.6pps YoY

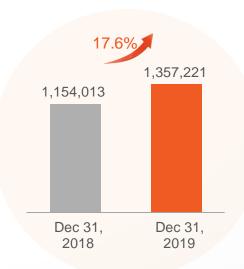
Retail deposits

% deposits: 24.0%

Up 2.3pps YoY



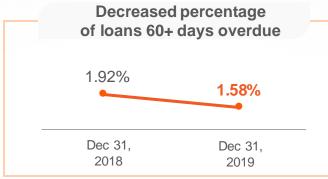


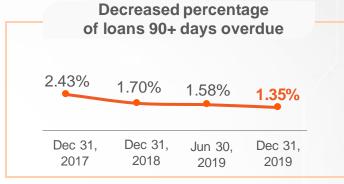


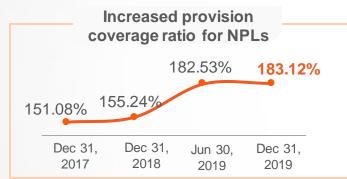


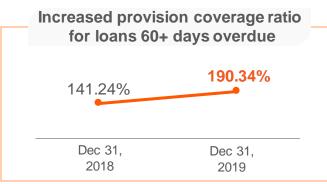
Continued de-risking and strengthened risk compensation

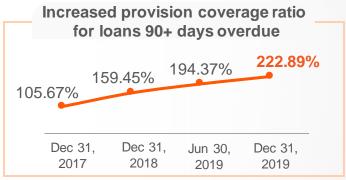


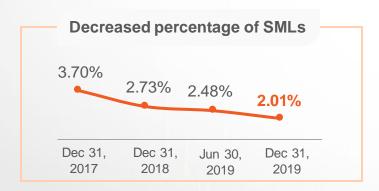


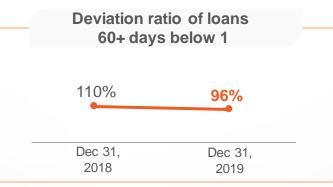


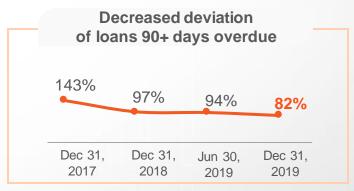






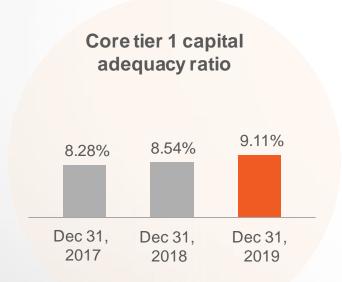




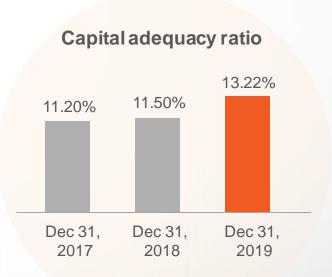


Climbing capital adequacy ratios as solid foundation for growth

- Ping An Bank completed conversion of RMB26 billion worth of convertible bonds in Sep 2019, establishing multiple
 market firsts
- Ping An Bank issued RMB30 billion worth of tier 2 capital bonds in Apr 2019
- Ping An Bank issued the first tranche of undated capital bonds worth of RMB20 billion in Dec 2019 ("Perpetual bonds")







Define development path for each business line based on established strategy and new positioning

Follow the retail transformation strategy, and pursue technology-driven breakthroughs in retail banking and enhancement of corporate banking

Define the new positioning during transformation stage in combination with the Group's "finance + e cosystem" strategy

Each business line develops its own "3 + 2 + 1" strategy in accordance with the strategic directions and new positioning

Build China's most outstanding, world-leading smart retail bank

Technology-driven

Breakthroughs in retail banking corporate banking



Digital banking



Ecosystem-based banking



Platform-based banking

Retail: Build a smart retail bank

Three businesses: basic retail banking, private banking & wealth management (PBWM), and consumer finance

Two core capabilities: risk management and cost control

One platform: Al middle office

Corporate:

Become "1+N" engine of the integrated finance business

- Three pillars: industry-specific banking, transaction banking, and integrated finance
- Two core customer segments: strategic customers and small and micro-business customers

One bottom line: ensuring asset quality

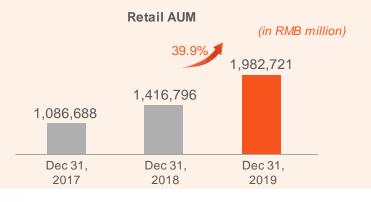
Interbank:

Become the world leading financial market and asset manager

- Three business directions: new transactions, new interbank business, and new asset management business
- Two core capabilities: sales and transactions
- One platform: smart treasury system platform

Retail banking: 3 business lines grow on clear strategies

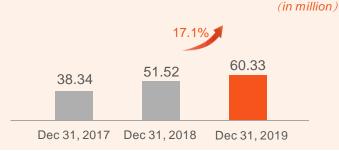
Maintain the edge in basic retail banking



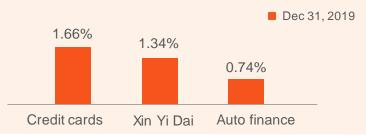
Number of credit cards in circulation



Higher-quality customers of consumer finance business



Ping An Bank outperforms peers by retail NPL ratio despite rising industry risks



Rapid growth of private banking and wealth management



AUM of qualified private banking customers



Retail banking: productivity boost and cost cut

Productivity

- Per capita revenue increased by 17.7% YoY
- Per capita customer acquisition rate of retail banking rose 50% due to 24/7 closed-loop customer development
- Approval of loan products was shortened to less than 10 seconds
- Credit card issuance was shortened from 2 days to 2 minutes

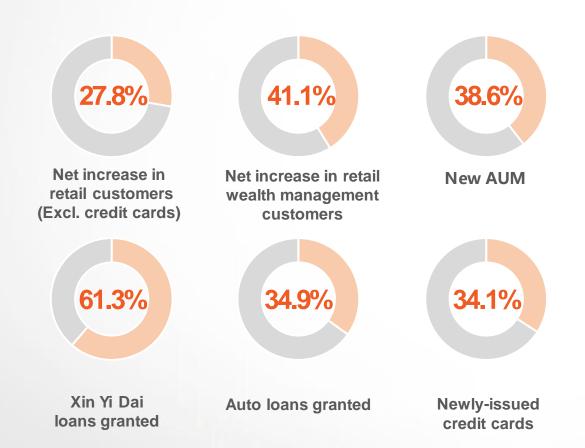
Operating cost

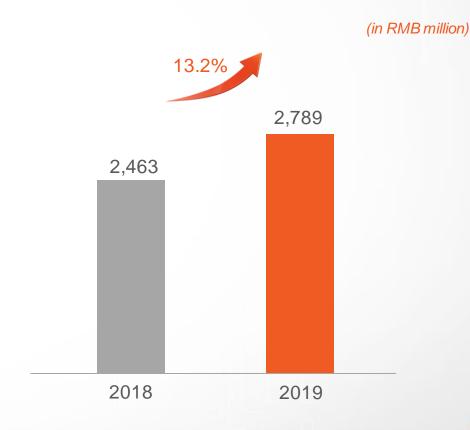
- Cost of the new core credit card system down by 67%
- Debit card customer service cost down by about 50%
- Credit card customer service cost down by over 30%
- Monthly operating labor cost down by over RMB3.7 million

Retail banking: gaining momentum in creating synergy with Group, greater contribution from integrated finance

Strong synergy: cross-selling from PAG



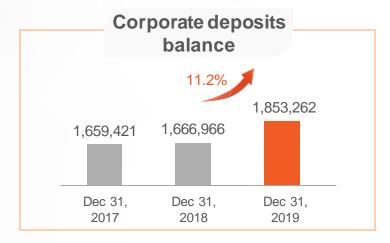




Note: (1) PAG's insurance products sold by Ping An Bank include insurance products of Ping An Life, Ping An Property & Casualty, and Ping An Annuity.

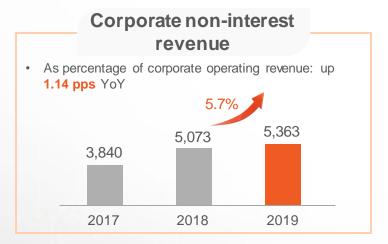
Corporate business: Deposits and loans both surged as the asset-light and capital-light strategy showed effect

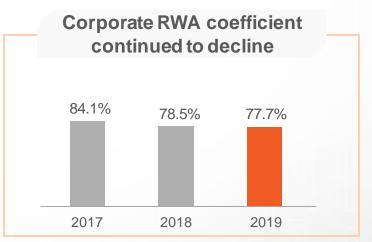
Scale of corporate banking increased





The asset-light and capital-light strategy showed effect

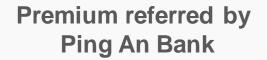




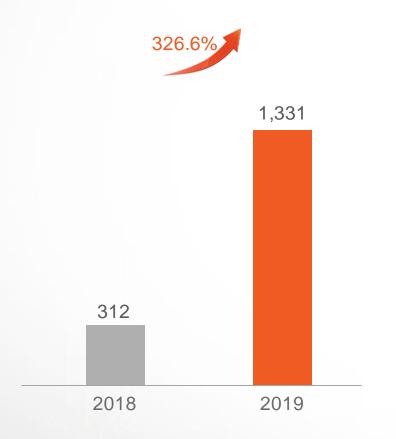
Note: Corporate RWA coefficient = corporate risk-weighted assets/corporate loans.

Corporate business: advantageous "1+N" integrated financial business model

(in RMB million)



Investment and financing projects implemented by Ping An Bank in cooperation with PAG





Note: Premium referred by Ping An Bank refers to the premium of Ping An's group insurance products distributed through Ping An Bank.

Interbank business: strengthen capabilities through transactions, interbank business and asset management business

New transactions

New interbank business

New asset management business







Net revenue from transactions

RMB3,906mn +151.8% %Y

ET-Bank's customers

Nearly 2,200

value-based products conforming to new asset management RMB257,206mn +152.2% YoY

Bond trading volume

RMB3.51trn +178.3% YoY

Interbank institutional sales volume

RMB503,880mn +123.7% %Y

Wealth management subsidiary approved for setting-up preparation

Scale of new net asset

regulations

New net asset value-based

products as a percentage of balance of non-principal

quaranteed wealth

management products

43.6% +24.6 pps YoY

Ping An Wealth Management

Interest rate swap volume

RMB3.13trn +50.6% %Y

63

Technology-powered banking business

Technology-enabled business quality and efficiency

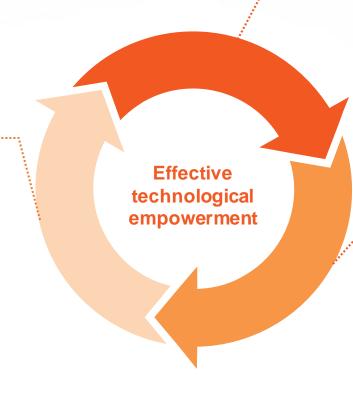
- Accelerated IT deliveries: Ping An Bank launched the Starlink integration project and the SDLC project. The projects helped establish an end-to-end R&D process from requirement development to production.
- Integrated technologies with businesses: Key projects including the smart risk management platform, the New Generation Financial Market Core Banking System, cloud-based acquiring services for corporate business, and smart custody business have been launched as scheduled.

Data-driven operations

- Data governance: Ping An Bank has developed over 900 basic data standards and nearly 2,000 indicator standards.
- The data middle office: Ping An Bank accelerated the development of the bankwide data indicator platform, data service platform, and five databases—customers, products, personnel, channels, and cases.
- The Al platform: All the 11 Al middle offices have been put into production. Ping An Bank empowers the front-end business with Al-powered robots.



- Developed the distributed PaaS and piloted it in 70+ projects. The processing capability of the new credit card core system based on the PaaS has increased nearly tenfold compared with the previous system while the cost was only one third of the previous one.
- The integrated blockchain service platform has been applied in areas including supply chain finance, bankruptcy and liquidation voting, cloud-based contract signing and certificate storage, and traceability of poverty alleviation, facilitating over 350,000 transactions.



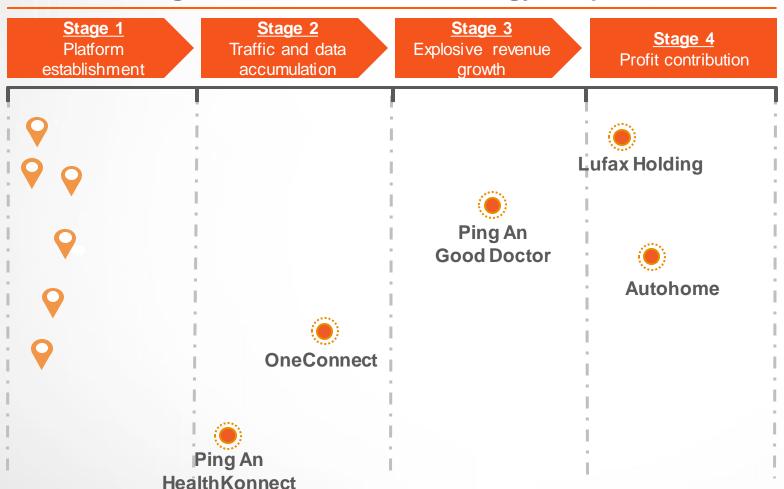
IT staff members (including outsourced personnel) 7,500+, up more than 34% YTD.



Jessica Tan Co-CEO

RMB82,109 million in total revenue for 2019

Four stages of incubation of technology companies⁽¹⁾



Total revenue of the technology business⁽²⁾

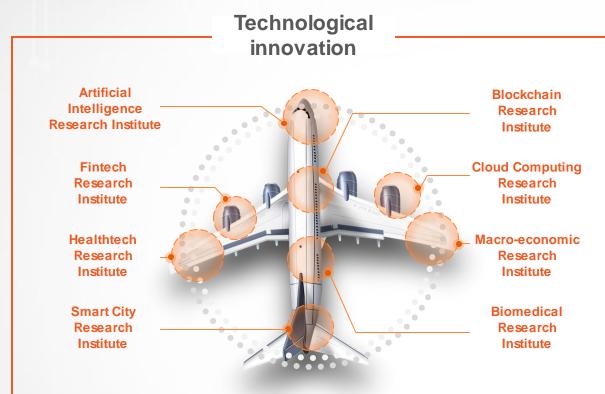




Notes: (1) The above four stages are classified by the Company on the basis of business operations.

(2) The total revenue of the technology business is the sum of revenues of our technology companies, without considering the shareholding proportions.

Leading in technological innovation through 8 research institutes and 57 labs



- Scientific research: 8 research institutes, 57 labs
- Talent pool: nearly 110,000 technology employees, 35,000 R&D employees
- Independent R&D: 21,000+ patent applications, nearly 96% of which are for inventions



Fintech patent applications in 2019

World's No.1



Digital healthtech patent applications in 2019

World's No.2

Technological R&D: won 47 global championships in Al, health care and others

Won 47 global championships

AI:

- No.1 in Stanford Question Answering Dataset (SQuAD 2.0)
- Won a championship in the English-Chinese translation categoryin the international translation contest of Workshop on Machine Translation (WMT)

Fintech:

 OneConnect's blockchain-enabled trade finance network won the "Best Application of Advanced Technology in a Product or Service Award" of the 2019 BAI Global Innovation Awards

Healthtech:

- Won three international championships⁽¹⁾ and world firsts in six sub-tasks⁽²⁾ at the 16th IEEE International Symposium on Biomedical Imaging (ISBI 2019)
- Won an international championship in a sub-task of MEDIQA challenge sponsored by the ACL

Published 20+ top medical papers



- AJKD: chronic kidney disease prediction
- The Lancet's sub-publication: flu prediction adaptive model for Chongqing

Semantic understanding: SQuAD 2.0

Answered **150,000+** complicated questions through Al semantic understanding and won the **first place** with a score of **90.9**⁽³⁾ (defeating the human performance of 89.5)

Text excerpt

Jacksonville is the largest city by population in the U.S. state of Florida which the city government consolidated in 1968.

Q&A example



- **Large text capacity**: a total of **15,000** paragraphs to understand
- Demanding understanding: 40% of questions have no clear answer

Medical Q&As: MEDIQA challenge of ACL

Ranked first by testing 230 pairs of questions in the Recognizing Question Entailment (RQE) contest of the international Association of Computational Linguistics (ACL)

Example

- Q1: Polymicrogyria. My 16-month
 son has this...ls it possible for this
 post of his brain to grow to normal?

 Ask questions about disease
 about disease
 development

 Polymicrogyria?

 Analysis results
- Examine the entailment relationship between 230 pairs of questions (True/False)

True (Q2 contains Q1, Q2's answer is applicable to Q1)

- Ranked first by surpassing over 70 contestants
- Notes: (1) Automatic Cancer Detection and Classification in Whole-slide Lung Histopathology (ACDC), Endoscopic Artefact Detection (EAD) and Pathologic Myopia Challenge (PALM).
 - (2) Endoscopic artefact detection, segmentation, domain adaptation, and pathologic myopia optic disk segmentation, focus/segmentation, and macula localization.
 - (3) The F1 score is the result of fuzzy matching, calculated according to the coincidence between the answergiven by the model (partially correct) and the standard answer. The F1 score is as of July 31, 2019.

Technological empowerment of main financial businesses to cut costs, boost efficiency, and enhance risk management

Reduce costs



Smart speech robot

- Coverage: 83% of financial sales scenarios, and 81% of customer service scenarios
- Service volume: provided Al services 850 million times in 2019
- Cost saving: an annual reduction of 11% in CSR costs



Smart P&C insurance processing

- Process optimization: for auto insurance, over 90% of quotes are made automatically, and many deals are struck upon the 1st quote
- no manual data entry is involved in the retail auto insurance business, the turnaround time from quotation to policy issue is as short as 20 seconds

Improve efficiency



Sales agent support

- Smart recruitment: over 6
 million Al-based recruitment
 interviews in 2019, 100% Al
 coverage, reducing the in-person
 interviews by over 680,000 hours
- Sales support: AskBob served sales agents 340 million times, and improved sales conversion



Al retail banking

- Al credit card approval: a total of 14.30 million cards were issued in 2019, nearly 90% of which were automatically approved by Al, and over 4 million of which were quickly approved with one click.
- Al customer service: nonmanual services accounted for 86.1% (+6 pps)

Manage risks



Corporate risk warning platform

- Early warning and prevention: corporate credit risk can be dynamically monitored with an accuracy rate of 92%
- Risk management: issued over 3,000 early warnings, involving nearly RMB20 billion in exposure



Al-powered post-lending management

- Coverage: reminders to 100% of customers who have not defaulted
 - Improved efficiency: RMB54 million in loans under management per capita, up 32% from the beginning of 2019

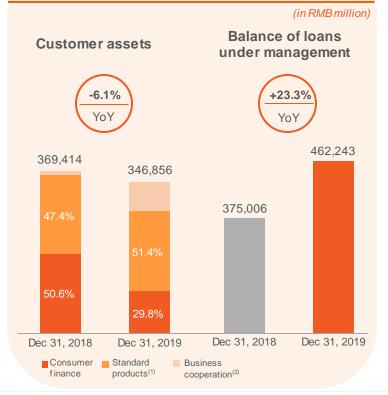
Lufax Holding: a world-leading comprehensive online wealth management and retail lending technology platform

Customer metrics

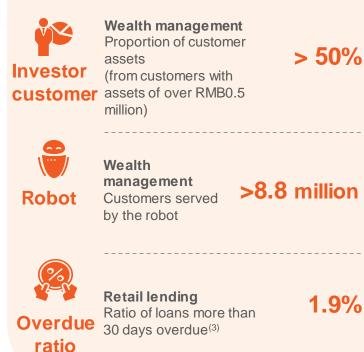


+20.3% YoY

Business metrics



Other key metrics



Maintaining industry-leading market shares.

Accumulated

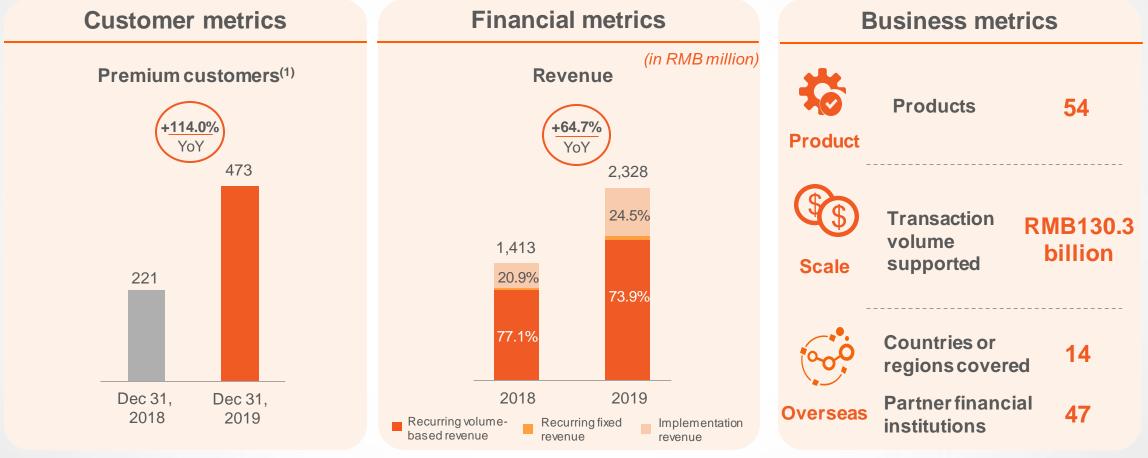
borrowers

- Consumer finance customers' assets were greatly affected due to the regulatory requirements for decreases in the business scale, lenders and borrowers, and outlets.
- To seize new opportunities in light of new policies, Lufax Holding fully promoted the in-depth cooperation with trust companies and banks to re-establish product advantages, and the scale of business customer assets increased rapidly.

Notes: (1) The standard products refer to products distributed by the wealth management business, including publicly offered funds, privately offered funds, and asset management products from insurance asset managers and securities firms.

- (2) The business cooperation refers to balances of investments made by wealth management customers at partner financial institutions through Lufax Holding's technology-pow ered system.
- (3) The ratio of loans more than 30 days overdue refers to the proportion of loans more than 30 days (inclusive) overdue to the balance of loans under management.

OneConnect (OCFT US): China's leading technology-as-a-service cloud platform, serving all the major banks, 99% of the urban commercial banks, and 52% of the insurers in China



[•] **Technological innovation:** OneConnect had filed 3,710 patent applications, of which 765 were filed abroad. OneConnect was listed on the Asian Top 50 Blockchain Companies in the Asian Blockchain Technology and Application Forum, and won the Real Economy Empowerment Contribution Award in the Blockdata Awards 2019. OneConnect's blockchain-enabled trade finance network was awarded the "Best Application of Advanced Technology in a Product or Service" by BAI, marking the only blockchain case that received this award in China.

Notes: (1) The number of premium customers is the number of institutional customers with annual operating revenue of RMB100,000 or more, excluding Ping An Group and its subsidiaries. (2) Figures may not match the calculation due to rounding.

Ping An Good Doctor (01833.HK): the largest online health care services platform in China

Business metrics

Registered users

315 million + 18.9% YoY



729 thousand + 36.3% Yo Y



1,409

Financial metrics

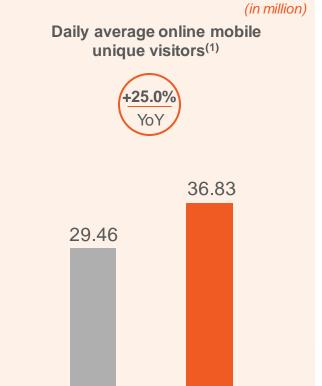


Partner metrics



Autohome(ATHM US): a leading internet-based auto service platform in China

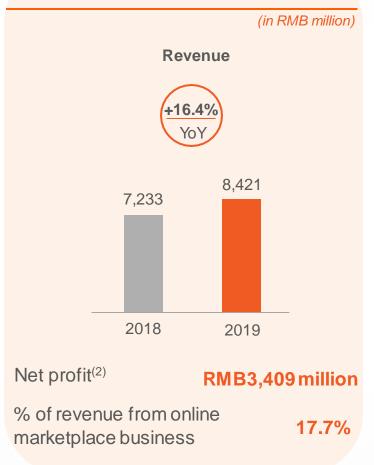
Customer metrics



Dec. 2019

Dec, 2018

Financial metrics



New business key metrics







Auto finance and insurance transactions facilitated

nearly RMB24.0 billion

Notes: (1) Average daily unique visitors on mobile devices for 2019 include those on mobile apps and applets, and the data for 2018 has been restated accordingly. (2) Net profit refers to non-GAAP adjusted net profit of Autohome.

Smart city: serving 115 cities, 500,000 companies and 50 million citizens

Supporting government services

Covered 115 cities to improve government administration

Smart Fiscal

Smart government

Smart legal services

Smart environmental management



Finance

 Served 4,000+ administrative units, enterprises and public service units

 Supported management of assets worth RMB6 trillion+



Efficiency

 Covered 30+ commissions, offices and administrations in 20+ cities

Analyzed 400+ themes



Environment

- Supported environmental management of 50,000+ polluting enterprises in Shenzhen
- Covered 50 pollutants in 5 major industries

Promoting business development

Served 500,000 companies to optimize business environment

Smart development and reform

Smart services Smart finance
Smart trade Smart credit

Smart market regulation



- Forecasts cover 150+ cities
- Analyzed 34 topics and 4,500+ economic indicators



Provided services for nearly 480,000 companies



Service

 Smart customs services covered over 400,000 customs declarations, involving goods worth RMB150 million, reducing the inspection time to 5 days, and the declaration time to 5 minutes



- Covered 8,000+ risks in 600+ scenarios
- Forecast and early warning accuracy of 90%+

Regulation

Improving people's livelihoods

Served 50 million citizens to enhance citizen service experience

Smart healthcare

Smart education

Smart transportation



Health

- Covered **14,000** medical institutions
- AskBob was called about 11 million times, benefiting 260,000 doctors



Culture

- Provided vocational education services for 36 million users, and online education sessions for 51 million trainees
- Provided **77,000** high-quality courses



Automatically handled 100,000+ traffic violations every day



Appendices: 2019 Group operating profit (Table A-1)

	See Table B	See Table C	See Table D	See Table E	See Table F				
(in RMB million)	Life & Health	P&C	Banking	Trust	Securities	Other asset management	Technology	Other businesses and elimination	Group
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company	102,659	22,697	16,342	2,595	2,319	4,680	3,487	(5,372)	149,407
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	1,078	111	11,853	3	57	761	1,174	(79)	14,958
Net profit (A)	103,737	22,808	28,195	2,598	2,376	5,441	4,661	(5,451)	164,365
Excluding: Short-term investment variance (B)	19,354	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	19,354
Impact of discount rate change (C)	(13,164)	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	(13,164)
Impact of one-off material non-operating items (D)	8,597	1,856	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,453
Operating profit $(E = A - B - C - D)$	88,950	20,952	28,195	2,598	2,376	5,441	4,661	(5,451)	147,722
Operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company	of 88,054	20,850	16,342	2,595	2,319	4,680	3,487	(5,372)	132,955
Operating profit attributable to non-controlling interests	896	102	11,853	3	57	761	1,174	(79)	14,767

Appendices: 2018 Group operating profit (Table A-2)

	See Table B	See Table C	See Table D	See Table E	See Table F				
(in RMB million)	Life & Health	P&C	Banking	Trust	Securities	Other asset management	Technology	Other businesses and elimination	Group
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company	57,914	12,215	14,394	3,008	1,599	8,264	14,006	(3,996)	107,404
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	843	59	10,424	4	81	753	978	(94)	13,048
Net profit (A)	58,757	12,274	24,818	3,012	1,680	9,017	14,984	(4,090)	120,452
Excluding: Short-term investment variance (B)	(12,853)	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(12,853)
Impact of discount rate change (C)	265	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	265
Impact of one-off material non-operating items (D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,236	-	7,236
Operating profit $(E = A - B - C - D)$	71,345	12,274	24,818	3,012	1,680	9,017	7,748	(4,090)	125,804
Operating profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company	of 70,320	12,215	14,394	3,008	1,599	8,264	6,770	(3,996)	112,573
Operating profit attributable to non-controlling interests	1,026	59	10,424	4	81	753	978	(94)	13,231

Appendices: Life & Health earnings (Table B)

Profit Analysis

(in RMB million)	2019	2018	Notes
Release of residual margin	74,454	62,287	Α
Return on net worth	11,738	8,959	
Spread income	3,947	5,048	
Operating variance and others	10,406	21,749	
Operating profit before tax	100,545	98,043	
Income tax	(11,595)	(26,698)	
Operating profit after tax	88,950	71,345	See Table A
Short-term investment variance	19,354	(12,853)	
Impact of discount rate change	(13,164)	265	
Impact of one-off material non- operating items	8,597	-	
Net profit	103,737	58,757	See Table A

Residual Margin

(in RMB million)	2019	2018	Notes
Opening residual margin	786,633	616,319	
Contribution from new business	155,684	177,485	
Expected interest growth	33,811	28,498	
Release of residual margin	(74,454)	(62,287)	Α
Lapse variances and others	16,742	26,617	
Ending residual margin	918,416	786,633	

Appendices: P&C earnings (Table C)

(in RMB million)	2019	2018	Notes
Premium income	270,930	247,444	
Earned premiums	231,403	211,918	В
Claim expenses	(132,615)	(116,305)	
Commission expenses	(39,368)	(49,337)	
Administrative expenses	(57,567)	(44,760)	
Reinsurance commission revenue	6,547	6,964	4
Underwriting profit	8,400	8,480	$D = B \times (1-C)$
Combined ratio (%)	96.4	96.0	С
Total investment income	17,981	11,016	$E = F \times G$
Average P&C investment assets	273,819	249,576	F
P&C total investment yield (%)	6.6	4.4	G
Other net revenue and expenses	(896)	19	
Profit before tax	25,485	19,515	
Income tax	(2,677)	(7,241)	
Net profit (a)	22,808	12,274	See Table A
Impact of one-off material non-operating items (b)	1,856	-	
Operating profit (c = a - b)	20,952	12,274	See Table A

Appendices: Banking earnings (Table D)

(in RMB million)	2019	2018	Notes
Net interest revenue	89,961	74,745	H = I x J
Average interest earning assets	3,433,756	3,186,151	1
Net interest margin (%)	2.62	2.35	J
Net non-interest revenue	47,997	41,971	
Revenue	137,958	116,716	K
General and administrative expenses	(40,852)	(35,391)	$L = -(K \times M)$
Cost-to-income ratio (%)	29.61	30.32	М
Loan impairment loss	(53,288)	(43,657)	$N = - (O \times P)$
Average balance of loans (including bill discount)	2,096,394	1,858,353	0
Credit cost (%)	2.54	2.35	Р
Other expenses	(7,578)	(5,437)	
Profit before tax	36,240	32,231	
Income tax	(8,045)	(7,413)	
Net profit	28,195	24,818	See Table A

Appendices: Trust earnings (Table E)

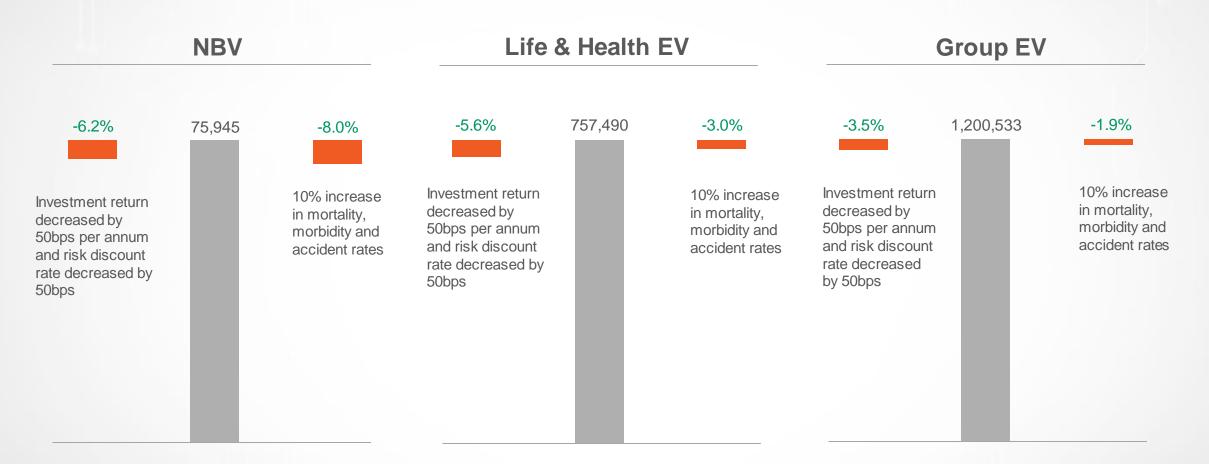
(in RMB million)	2019	2018	Notes
Fees and commission revenue	3,722	3,801	$Q = R \times S$
Monthly average assets held in trust	491,630	588,788	R
Fee rate of assets held in trust (%)	0.76	0.65	S
Fees and commission expenses	(190)	(116)	
Net fees and commission revenue	3,532	3,685	
Administrative expenses	(1,217)	(1,039)	
Total investment income	617	1,104	
Other net revenue and expenses	437	163	
Profit before tax	3,369	3,913	
Income tax	(771)	(901)	
Net profit	2,598	3,012	See Table A

Appendices: Securities earnings (Table F)

(in RMB million)	2019	2018	Notes
Fees and commission revenue	5,457	4,014	
Fees and commission expenses	(1,183)	(847)	
Net fees and commission revenue	4,274	3,167	
Total investment income	5,520	4,654	
Other revenue	4,510	2,928	
Revenue	14,304	10,749	Т
Administrative expenses	(3,892)	(3,497)	$U = - (T + W) \times V$
Cost-to-income ratio (%)	44.8	52.7	V
Finance costs	(1,813)	(1,125)	
Other expenses	(5,612)	(4,113)	W
Profit before tax	2,987	2,014	
Income tax	(611)	(334)	
Net profit	2,376	1,680	See Table A

Appendices: EV and NBV exhibited low sensitivity to future investment return

(in RMB million)



Notes: (1) Under the current EV valuation framew ork, the assets backing liability and capital requirements excluding free surplus are measured at carrying value. In the above investment sensitivity scenarios, adjusted net asset value will not change with future investment returns.